

Empowering Rural Households: Enhancing Nutritional Security and Sustainable Gardening

Evidence from India

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Overview:

- Focus on nutritional security for 30,000 rural households through sustainable gardening.
- Implemented by Plan India in collaboration with local women's groups.
- Aimed to improve economic savings, environmental benefits, and overall community wellbeing.



Objectives:

- Improve Nutritional Awareness:
 Increase knowledge on diverse diets
 and health benefits.
- Establish Sustainable Practices:
 Promote organic composting and kitchen gardening.
- Foster Economic & Environmental
 Gains: Encourage cost savings and reduce environmental impact through local food production.



Approach & Methodology

·Capacity Building:

- Formation of **500 Groups- community groups** with 5,500 members across **600 villages**.
- Conducted regular training sessions on organic composting, diverse food consumption, and gardening techniques.
- Social safety nets strengthened through cash transfers and skill development,

•Baseline Survey:

 Survey of 5,000 women (including pregnant and lactating mothers) to assess initial nutritional awareness.

•Follow-Up:

 Continuous engagement through training, cooking demonstrations, and support to ensure sustained behavior change.



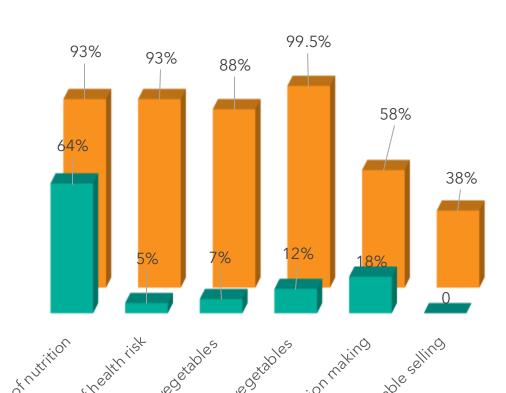


Baseline

- **64%** were aware of the importance of nutrition.
- 95% lacked awareness of health risks due to deficiencies.
- 7% of households consumed fresh vegetables daily.
- 12% households growing vegetables.
- 38% women merely get chance to participate in the household decisions

Post-Intervention

- 88% of beneficiaries consumed more local, seasonal vegetables
- 93% recognized the importance of diverse diets
- 99.5% committed to continue kitchen gardening growing vegetables
- 58% women now playing a more active role in the decision-making process
- 2,430 households adopted organic practice.
- **3,440 members** diversified their diets
- 1,698 new recipes developed
- 38% of household are selling their surplus vegetables



■ Baseline ■ Post intervention

Economic & Environmental Impact

•Economic Savings:

- Reduced dependency on market purchases.
- Efficient use of household waste for organic composting.
- Households started selling surplus produce in the local markets, generating an income of INR 1500 per month

•Environmental Benefits:

- Reduction in the use of chemical fertilizers.
- Promoted sustainable gardening practices.



The Change:

- 5000 kitchen gardens for the impoverished households, providing livelihood opportunities and nutritional independency to 5117 women across the 6 participant districts
- More than 144 acres of barren vacant lands were transformed into bright and lush green spaces full of plants and vegetation
- 12.28 tons of kitchen waste being converted into compost monthly - effectively tackling the issue of waste management.





Long-term Sustainability

•Community-Driven Success: Group formation, training, and continuous support ensured long-term adoption of healthy practices.

•Continued Engagement: Follow-up activities reinforced commitment to sustainable gardening and nutritional awareness.



Lessons Learnt

- •Community Engagement is key to sustained behavior change.
- Multi-faceted approaches combining capacity building, cash transfers, and hands-on training ensure comprehensive support.
- •Local leadership through women's groups accelerates the spread of knowledge and practices.





Thank you

