

The Role of Artificial Intelligence and Digital Technology in Enhancing the Nutritional Health in Sri Lanka

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Introduction

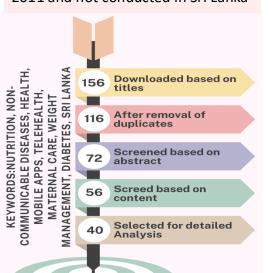
This **systematic review** reveals;

- The current landscape of using AI & digital technology
- Future potential of these technologies in enhancing nutrition related outcomes in the Sri Lanka

Methodology

Peer reviewed articles from Google Scholar and IEEE Xplore Published between 2011 - 2024 Inclusion criteria: Relevance to Sri Lanka, published within specific time frame, peer-reviewed validation

Exclusion criteria: Published before 2011 and not conducted in Sri Lanka



Results & Discussion

SMART PHONE APPLICATIONS

Sri Lanka clams a high mobile penetration of 47%

Smart Glucose Manager: Self management of diabetics through reminders

My Smart Diet: Menu planning & nutrition advice

mHENAL: Fostering behavioural changes on heart health by reminders

Collaborated with another device

Dia shoe: Mobile base plug and play device can be attached to diabetic shoes

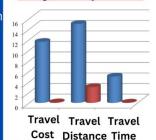
Hemo Smart: Early detection of anemia by the images of fingertip and responses of the user

TELEHEALTH INTERVENTIONS

Practical Applications

- Distance education for healthcare professionals through eLearning platforms
- Continuing maternal services and sending medicine for NCD patients during public health emergencies
- Monitoring the Out Of Home (OOH) food environment
- eConsultation facilities for remote areas

Post Implementation Analysis of patients



After telehealth solutions

algorithm

Before telehealth solutions

Al and digital technologies are transforming nutritional health in Sri Lanka by enabling improving healthcare access, personalized diet recommendations, and enhancing risk prediction. However, for the full potential of these technologies to be realized, it is essential to address challenges related to data privacy, accessibility, and infrastructure. Continued investment in digital health and a supportive regulatory framework will be key to build a healthier future.

Conclusion

USE OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

Practical Implications

- Personalized diet recommendations
- Accurate anthropometric measurements
- Health risk predictions
- Enhanced public health campaigns

Advantages

- High accuracy
- Data driven insights
- Cost effective monitoring

Disadvantages

- Data privacy
- High cost of implementation
- Requirement of big data

Process Steps of Developing
Al nutritional platform

Defining Objectives Collecting Data Monitoring and improving Processing data Deploying intervention system Model validating & Developing the

testing

Recommendations

- Establishing necessary regulations for digital technology and AI platforms.
- Investing in digital infrastructure to utilize the technological advancements.
- Develop a national data set of patients information system.